| EstNbr     | EstName                          | MOINbr             | Date      | Task<br>Code | TaskName                                | Status    | MOI Agenda            |
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| M18866+P55 | Jennie-O Turkey Store Sales, LLC | WJL1616120<br>026G | 26DEC2019 | 04C05        | Poultry Good<br>Commercial<br>Practices | Finalized | December 26, 2019  I, |

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| M18866+P55 | Jennie-O Turkey Store Sales, LLC | WJL4022023<br>004G | 04FEB2020 | 04C05        | Poultry Good<br>Commercial<br>Practices | Finalized | During night shift production the 29th of January 2020 while performing Good Commercial Practice verification beginning at 4:40am, the following was observed:  Observations were made of 5cm to 30+ cm bruising identified near the ankle joints and along the length of drums and fractured and bruised wings at elbow joints post pickers and post bleedout. Over a 5 minute period with the line speed varying from 40-45bpm, 65 carcasses had either drum bruising and/or wing fractures. The bruising was dark purple to red in color signifying an acute and recent ante-mortem event causing the bruising. Observations in the live haul offloading area included the four slides from the front passenger side offloading space on the catwalk in the live haul area missing. Slides are used to decrease the force required for offloading and to assist transfer of live turkeys from the trailers to the conveyor leading to the CO2 gas stunner. The live haul offloader was observed unloading turkeys without the use of the slides, with the turkeys repeatedly hitting the bar leading onto the conveyor with legs. Compared to the other offloading crew, the crewmember was using more force to remove the turkeys: quicker movements with offloaded live birds having enough momentum to hit the back of the conveyor tunnel wall. The four missing slides were found beneath the CO2 stunner, and communication with live haul (h)(h) dentified the four slides as being out of commission due to needing maintenance repair. Over the course of 3 minutes, I demonstrated to him observations of bruising and fractured wings on the post-picking line and concerns with injury at offloading based on what I'd observed in live haul. I also communicated with night shift (b)(6) of the observations and GCP concerns. Verbal corrective actions given at 5:20am included adding an additional two people to the offloading crew so the offloader working without slides had additional support for the turkeys being offloaded. After a company break, I returned to live haul to observe corrective |

were noted during today's production.

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| M20322+P20<br>322 | Equity Group Eufaula Div LLC | ATF3007062<br>305G | 05JUN2020 | 04C05 | Poultry Good<br>Commercial<br>Practices | Finalized | On 06/05/2020, at approximately 0641 while performing my Good Commercial Practices at the entrance of the scalder on the single kill line for Lines 1 & 2, I observed four uncut, live birds pass by at approximately 0642 (2 birds approximately 15 birds apart) and 0643 (2 birds approximately 10 birds apart). I noted that the birds were breathing and alert to their surroundings. At the point of observation, the establishment has no further humane measures in place to ensure that all breathing has stopped prior to entering the scalder. I visually followed the birds as they entered and exited the head puller (prior to the entrance of the scalder) and into the scalder where all four birds entered still breathing. I immediately notified 1st Shift (h)(6) and Live Hang (b)(6) of my observations.  This is stated the experienced backup killer had gone on break and a less experienced backup killer had taken their spot. He stated in the future, when the less experienced employees are filling that position, they will move a third person on the line to ensure that all birds are appropriately cut. In addition, he stated that retraining would be conducted with that particular employee. At approximately 0714, once corrective actions were in place, I performed an additional, extended GCP check to ensure that corrective actions were effective. No further deficiencies were observed. Equipment effectiveness was also evaluated, and no obvious issues were noted (large variation in bird size observed). No other vulnerabilities were noted during today's production. |
| M2130+P213<br>0   | Cooper Farms Processing      | HEF2803015<br>122G | 22JAN2020 | 04C05 | Poultry Good<br>Commercial<br>Practices | Finalized | On January 22, 2020 at approximately 4:15 AM while performing a routine GCP task, I (h)(6) was passing through the live hang area where stunned turkeys are shackled on a conveyor belt (approximately 3-4 feet in height from the floor), and observed an employee push a stun failure (fully conscious turkey) off of the belt, causing the turkey to fall on top of several other conscious turkeys that were already sitting on the concrete floor directly opposite the belt from the employee. I spoke with (h)(6) about what I observed. An SOP for proper handling of conscious birds was to have been implemented in December 2017.   |

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| M2130+P213<br>0 | Cooper Farms Processing | HEF2003071<br>202G | 02JUL2020 | 04C05        | Poultry Good<br>Commercial<br>Practices | Finalized | On June 29th 2020 at approximately 1:00 AM while performing antemortem inspection on the live haul trailers in the cooling sheds, I, observed a loose, live turkey that was sitting on the ground directly beneath a cage that was partially open. The height of the cage was three cages up from the bottom of the trailer (approximately 8' from the ground), and there were no visible injuries on the bird. This type of cage door is hinger in the middle, and the bottom half of the door was stuck in the folded-up position. There were multiple other live turkeys still present in the cage. I informed an establishment supervisor of this finding, and the bird was placed back into the trailer by live hang employees. Previously, I have observed multiple instances of live turkeys being able to open this type of cage door from the inside. In each case, the turkey is on its back with its head facing the cage door and with its feet over its head, grasping the bars on the bottom half of the door. As the turkey pulls with its feet in this position, it causes the cage door to fold up and inwards at the hinge in the middle, allowing the turkey to begin pushing itself out of the cage while on its back. This type of cage door is only present or the newer live haul trailers. |

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| M248B+P215 | Butterfield Foods Company | GXN4716025<br>621G | 21FEB2020 | 04C05        | Poultry Good<br>Commercial<br>Practices | Finalized | Est. P215, Butterfield Foods Co., February 21, 2020, 0915 hours. In attendance:  (h)(6) At approximately 0800 hours on February 20, I was informed by (h)(6) At approximately 0800 hours on February 20, I was informed by (h)(6) At the first trailer from Lot 2 was in the unloading room and ready for antemortem inspection. Upon arrival to the unloading room, I observed many hens frozen to the metal cages in the trailer. I also observed significant numbers of dead hens. Nearly every hen visible from the outside of the trailer on the bottom two rows was frozen solid, as were many hens throughout the trailer on the outside layers. The hens throughout the trailer on the outside layers. The hens throughout the trailer on the outside layers. The hens throughout the trailer on the second trailer. Following my observations, I spoke with (h)(A) who informed me that the birds had traveled from Ohio to Minnesota.  (h)(6)  The shed is three-sided and is not temperature-controlled. The panels were on all trailers during transport and during the wait period. Upon further discussions with (h)(A) he informed me that the three trailers arrived at approximately midnight, 0200 hours, and 0400 hours. The air temperatures in Ohio were around 30-40°F. The hens were slaughtered between approximately 0900 and 1200 hours. During the period between arrival and slaughter, according to the National Weather Service, the outside temperature at the St. James Municipal Airport (17 miles from Butterfield Foods) was between -8 and -17°F with a wind chill between -21 and -32°F. Upon review of the establishment's records on February 21, Lot 2 had 9,150 DOAs of 25,867 total hens (35% DOAs). I spoke with (h)(G) at 0915 hours on February 21, Lot 2 had 9,150 DOAs of 25,867 total hens (35% DOAs). I spoke with (h)(G) at 0915 hours on February 21, Lot 2 had 9,150 DOAs of 25,867 total hens (35% DOAs). I spoke with (h)(G) at 0915 hours on the trailers, which are usually left open. If there are not improvements from closing the front vents, the establishment m |

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| M27389+P27<br>389+V27389 | Pitman Farms | NCO5414035<br>324G | 24MAR2020 | 04C05        | Poultry Good<br>Commercial<br>Practices | Finalized | On 03/24/2020 at approximately 07:39hrs while performing a routine Good Commercial Practice (GCP) task. I (Inspection Plant Personnel) observed 1 conscious chicken. The bird was walking around on the eastside of bleed-line B platform. The platform is approximately 20 feet above floor operations in live-hang. At approximately 07:40 line B was stopped, leaving 2 rows of stunned and bleed chickens on the line. The back-up bleeder employee was getting ready to go to break. I informed him of the bird walking around, he then grabbed it by one leg, hung on the bleed-line and cut the throat. After the employee left for break I continued to make observations for bleed-line B. At 07:43hrs I found a conscious chicken hanging, after the back-up stunner, kill machine and back-up bleeder. The bird was in the second row, at south end of line B, and made reactive movement by trying to right itself, flapping its wings, and blinking when I waved my hand near the bird. When the back-up bleeder employee returned at approximately 07:47hrs, I showed him the consious bird, he removed from the line by one leg, re-hung it near his work station and cut the throat. At that time, he observed another bird hanging with the throat not cut in the middle row, near his work station. When he grabbed it by the head it flapped as he cut the throat. The establishment performs CO2 stunning and these birds were not stunned properly, the back-up stunner failed, the kill machine failed, and back-up bleeder failed. The actions taken to cut the throats and prevent the 2 birds from entering the scalding tank was necessary, because prior to being scalded there is a head remover station before any scalding begins. The close time in observations did not allow me to find management before the employee returned from break. The company went to mass break, and the supervisor of live-hang went to break too. At approximately 07:50hrs I did inform line hoservations and would inform the live-hang supervisor immediately. I informed (b) (6) that I would be documenting |